

Redefining Measurement

ID221 Infrared Single-Photon Detector

Cost-Effective Module for Asynchronous Single-Photon Detection at Telecom Wavelengths

The ID221-FR brings a major breakthrough for single-photon detection in free-running mode at telecom wavelengths. It provides a cost-effective solution for applications in which asynchronous photon detection is essential. The cooled InGaAs/InP avalanche photodiode and associated electronics have been specially designed for achieving low dark count and afterpulsing rates in free-running mode. The module can operate at three detection probability levels of 10%, 15% and 20% with a deadtime that can be set between 1 μ s and 25 μ s. Arrival time of photons is reflected by a 100ns LVTTTL pulse available at the SMA connector with a timing resolution as low as 150 ps at 20% efficiency. A simple USB interface allows the user to set the efficiency level and the deadtime. A standard FC/PC connector is provided as optical input. The ID221-FR comes with a +12 V 60 W adapter.



Key Features

- ▶ Asynchronous detection mode (free-running)
- ▶ 10%-15%-20% photon detection probabilities
- ▶ 1 μ s-25 μ s adjustable deadtime
- ▶ Timing resolution as low as 150 ps
- ▶ Low dark and afterpulsing rates
- ▶ SMF or MMF62.5 optical input
- ▶ 100 ns LVTTTL output pulse at SMA connector
- ▶ Pelletier cooler -50°C
- ▶ Software included

Applications

- ▶ Quantum optics, quantum cryptography
- ▶ Fibre optics characterization
- ▶ Single-photon source characterization
- ▶ Failure analysis of electronic circuits
- ▶ Eye-safe laser ranging (LIDAR)
- ▶ Spectroscopy, Raman spectroscopy
- ▶ Photoluminescence
- ▶ Singlet oxygen measurement
- ▶ Fluorescence, fluorescence life time

INFRARED SINGLE-PHOTON DETECTOR

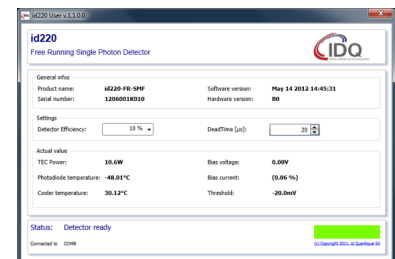
Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Units
Wavelength range	1	900	1700	nm
Optical fibre type	2	SMF or MMF62.5		
Efficiency range calibrated at $\lambda=1.55 \mu\text{m}$.		10, 15 or 20		%
Dark count rate (10 μs deadtime)	3			
SMF	10% / 15% / 20% efficiency less than	0.5 / 1.2 / 2.5		kHz
MMF62.5	10% / 15% / 20% efficiency less than	0.5 / 1.2 / 2.5		kHz
Timing resolution (FWHM) at 20% efficiency		150		ps
Deadtime range	1		25	μs
Deadtime step		1		μs
Detection output pulse		LVTTTL / 100ns width		
Output connector		SMA		
Operating temperature	+10		+30	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Dimensions LxWxH		230x110x120		mm
Weight		2.5		kg
Optical connector		FC/PC		
60 W AC/DC +12 V green power adapter				
Input voltage		90~264 VAC - 135~370VDC		
Frequency range		47~63 Hz		
AC current		1.4A/115VAC 1A/230VAC		
Cooling time		5		min

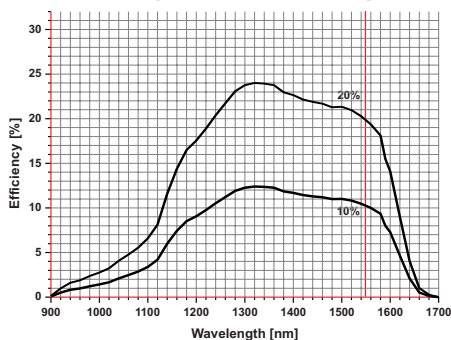
Software

The ID221-FR comes with a software that allows the user to set the efficiency level and the deadtime through a simple USB interface.

The module can also operate disconnected from the PC. The settings are reloaded upon each power up.



1 Efficiency versus wavelength

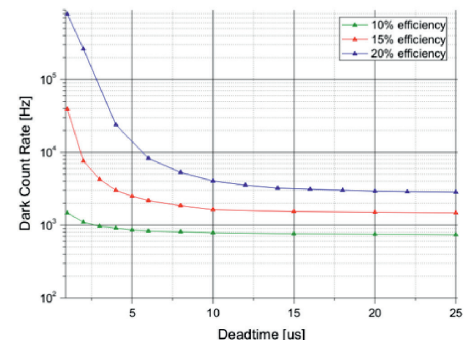


2

Single Mode Fibre SMF28,
Numerical Aperture = 0.14

Multi Mode Fibre with a 62.5 μm
core diameter,
Numerical Aperture = 0.275

3 Dark count versus deadtime



Supplied Accessories

- ▶ 60W AC/DC +12 V green power adapter
- ▶ Power cable
- ▶ 1.8 m USB cable
- ▶ Optical fibre cleaner
- ▶ 1 m SMF or MMF FC/PC optical patch cord
- ▶ User guide on USB key

Ordering Information

ID221-FR-SMF:

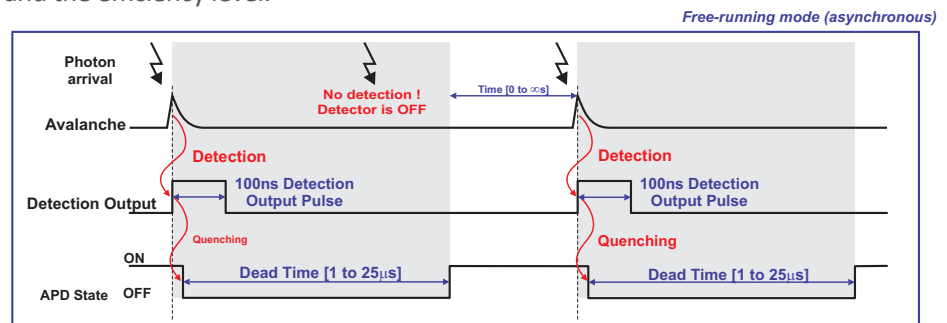
Detector module with singlemode
fibre input

ID221-FR-MMF62.5:

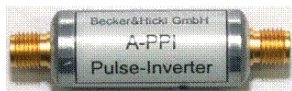
Detector module with 62.5 μm
multi-mode fibre input

INFRARED SINGLE-PHOTON DETECTOR

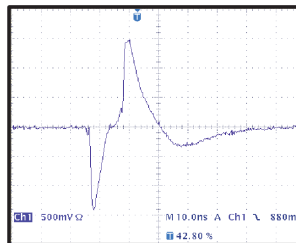
In contrast with usual gated operation of detectors based on InGaAs/InP avalanche photodiodes (APDs), the ID221-FR operates in free-running (asynchronous) mode. The APD is biased above its breakdown voltage in the so-called Geiger mode. Upon photon absorption, the photon arrival time is reflected by the rising edge of a 100 ns width LVTTTL pulse at the output. The ID221-FR has been designed for providing a fast avalanche quenching, thus limiting the afterpulsing rate. This allows the operation at reasonably short deadtimes of values that can be optimized depending on the applications and the efficiency level.



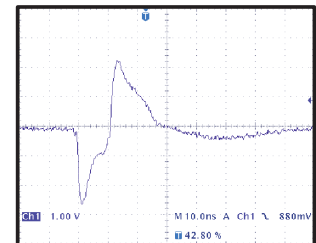
Accessory - Optional Pulse Shaper



IDQ provides as an option a pulse shaper (A-PPI-D) which can be used with devices requiring negative input pulses. The leading edge of the ID221 output pulse is converted into a sharp negative pulse with typical amplitudes of 1.4 V for a 50 Ω load and 2.5 V for a high impedance load. The pulse shaper comes with two SMA/BNC adapters.

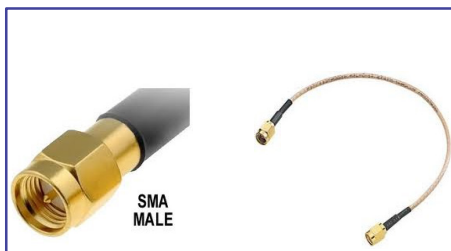


Typical output pulse of an ID221 equipped with a A-PPI-D pulse shaper in 50 Ω load.



Typical output pulse of an ID221 equipped with a A-PPI-D pulse shaper in high impedance load.

Accessory - Optimal SMA Electrical Cable



To connect your ID221 to other devices, such as the pulse shaper (A-PPI-D) or certain acquisition card (SPC-130 from Becker & Hickl), IDQ recommends this SMA Male / SMA Male Cable. SMA Male means Female body (inside threads) with Male inner pin

Ordering information:

idacc-SMA-SMA-1m

SMA Male to SMA Male electrical Cable 1m

Accessory - Metallic Optical Fibre



The standard optical patchcord can be transparent. Unwanted photons from the ambient environment can pass by the cladding of the fibre and so perturbate your measurement.

The metallic jacket fiber is delivered with FC/PC connectors

Ordering information:

IDACC-SMF-Steel-2m

SMF28 fibre and length 2m.

IDACC-MMF-Steel-2m

core diameter 62.5 μm and length 2m

Disclaimer - The information and specification set forth in this document are subject to change at any time by ID Quantique without prior notice. Copyright© 2019 ID Quantique SA - All rights reserved -ID221v2019 05 14 - Specifications as of May 2019